INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2006

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OFFICIALS

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires
	BOARD OF EDUCATION	
	(Before September, 2005 Election)	
Tom Clary Ryan Rohlk Mike Chozen Mark Fisher Phil Miklo	President Vice President	2005 2007 2006 2005 2007
	(After September, 2005 Election)	
Ryan Rohlk Mike Chozen Markham Hale Christopher Stein Phil Miklo	President Vice President	2007 2006 2008 2008 2007

SCHOOL OFFICIALS

Robert Miller Superintendent

Katy Sporrer District Secretary/
Treasurer

To The Board of Education of the Okoboji Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Okoboji Community School District, Milford, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District officials. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Okoboji Community School District as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our reports dated September 14, 2006 on our consideration of Okoboji Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 12 and 33 through 34 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Okoboji Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the year ended June 30. 2005 (none of which are presented herein) and expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. The financial statements for the two years ended June 30, 2004 (none of which are presented herein) were audited by other auditors who expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 4, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

BRUCE D. FRINK
Certified Public Accountant

September 14, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Okoboji Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

2006 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues increased from \$7,456,682 in fiscal 2005 to \$8,192,472 in fiscal 2006 (10% increase), while General Fund expenditures increased from \$7,501,869 in fiscal year 2005 to \$8,106,786 in fiscal 2006 (8% increase).
- The increase in General Fund revenues was attributable to an increases in miscellaneous revenues and federal grants. The increase in expenditures was due primarily to an increase in the negotiated salary and benefits as well as federal grant increases. The General Fund balance increased 11% over the prior year.
- The School Infrastructure Local Option Sales Tax continues to generate funds for the District. These monies are being used for construction and improvement of district facilities. This tax allows the District to update its facilities without raising property taxes.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The statements for governmental funds explain how basic services, such as regular and special education, were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.
- The statement for proprietary funds offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates like businesses, such as food services.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the non-major Special Revenue Funds. In addition, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards provides details of various programs benefiting the District.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

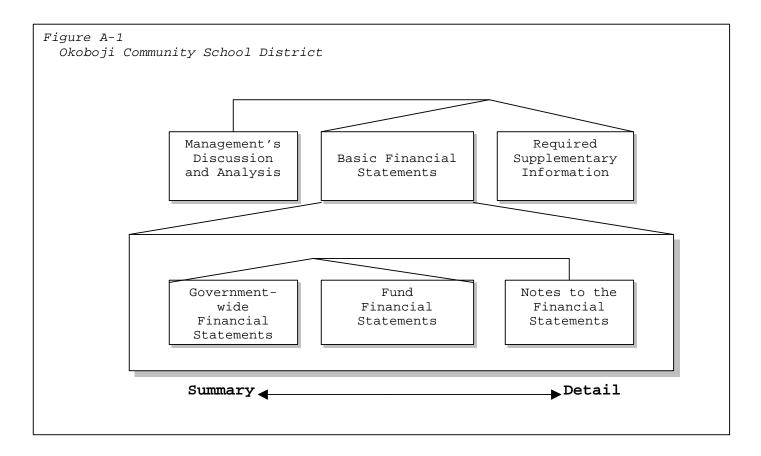


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain the remainder of this overview section of the management discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-wide	Fund Financial Statements					
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds			
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses; food services and adult education	Instances in which the district administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs			
Required financial statements	• Statement of net assets • Statement of activities	• Balance sheet • Statement of revenues expenditures, and changes in fund balances	• Statement of net assets • Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets • Statement of cash flows	• Statement of fiduciary net assets • Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets			
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus			
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can			
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The two government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds or to show that it is properly using certain revenues such as federal grants.

The District has three kinds of funds:

- 1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how much cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them. The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund.
- 2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide statements. The District's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has one enterprise fund, the School Nutrition Fund.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

- 3) Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. These funds include Private-Purpose Trusts.
 - Private-Purpose Trust Fund The District accounts for outside donations for scholarships for individual students in this fund. The District currently has two fiduciary funds, the Scholarship Fund and the Needs Fund.

The District is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in the fiduciary funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The required financial statements for fiduciary funds includes a statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets - Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net assets for the year ended June 30, 2006 compared to June 30, 2005.

Figure A-3
Condensed Statement of Net Assets
(expressed in thousands)

	(expressed in thousands)							
	Govern	mental	Busines	s-type	Tot	al	Percentage	
	Activ	ities	Activi	ities	School District		Change	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005-2006	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	
Current assets	9,276	9,220	113	108	9,389	9,328	0.65%	
Capital assets	13,033	12,590	78	79	13,111	12,669	3.37%	
Total assets	22,309	21,810	191	187	22,500	21,997	<u>2.24</u> %	
Current liabilities	7,430	6,593	-	-	7,430	6,593	11.27%	
Non-current liabilities	3,904	4,838			3,904	4,838	- <u>23.92</u> %	
Total liabilities	11,334	11,431			11,334	11,431	- <u>0.86</u> %	
Net Assets								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	9,472	8,055	78	79	9,550	8,134	14.83%	
Restricted	568	1,512	_	_	568	1,512	-166.20%	
Unrestricted	935	812	113	108	1,048	920	<u>12.21</u> %	
Total net assets	10,975	10,379	191	187	11,166	10,566	<u>5.37</u> %	

Total net assets increased over 5% due primarily to three factors — continued collection of local option sales tax, continued investment by the District in its capital assets and an 11% increase in the General Fund. Purchases of capital assets require current resources. However, their cost is spread out over the useful life of the asset. The General Fund increased due to additional revenue sources becoming available as well as careful monitoring of expenses.

Changes in net assets - figure A-4 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

Figure A-4
Change in Net Assets
(expressed in thousands)

	Total							
	Governmental Activities		Business-type		Scho	ool	Total	
			Activi	ties	Distr	rict	Change	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005-06	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for service and								
sales	477	430	166	188	643	618	4.05%	
Operating grants,								
contributions and								
restricted interest	1,165	970	149	128	1,314	1,098	19.67%	
General revenues:								
Property tax	5,834	5,235	-	-	5,834	5,235	11.44%	
Income surtax	135	87	=	=	135	87	55.17%	
Local option sales tax	900	1,193	-	-	900	1,193	-24.56%	
Unrestricted state grants	1,470	1,694	_	_	1,470	1,694	-13.22%	
Unrestricted investment								
earnings	61	34	_	_	61	34	79.41%	
Other	75	10			75	10	650.00%	
Total revenues	10,117	9,653	315	316	10,432	9,969	4.64%	
Program expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
Instruction	5,548	5,324	_	-	5,548	5,324	4.21%	
Support Services	2,872	2,192	_	-	2,872	2,192	31.02%	
Non-instructional programs	_	_	312	308	312	308	1.30%	
Other expenses	1,102	1,038			1,102	1,038	<u>6.17</u> %	
Total expenses	9,522	8,554	312	308	9,834	8,862	10.97%	
Change in net assets	595	1,099	3	8	598	1,107	- <u>45.98</u> %	

Property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 70% of the total revenue. The District's expenses primarily relate to instruction and support services, which account for 89% of the total expenses.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$10,116,978 and expenses were \$9,522,302.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities: instruction, support services and other expenses.

Figure A-5
Total and Net Cost of Governmental Activities
(expressed in thousands)

	Total	Cost	Net C	Net	
	of Ser	vices	of Ser	Change	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005-06
	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Instruction	5,548	5,324	4,241	4,251	-0.24%
Support Services	2,872	2,192	2,854	2,175	31.22%
Other expenses	1,102	1,038	786	728	<u>7.97%</u>
Totals	9,522	8,554	7,881	7,154	<u>10.16</u> %

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$476,789.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$615,437.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$5,834,623 in property tax, and \$1,470,117 in state foundation aid.

Business-Type Activities

Revenues of the District's business-type activities were \$314,760 and expenses were \$311,585. The District's business-type activities include the School Nutrition Fund. Revenues of these activities were comprised of charges for service, federal and state reimbursements and investment income.

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the balance in the School Nutrition Fund increased by 2%.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As previously noted Okoboji Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds, as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$10,974,208, a six percent increase over last year's ending fund balances of \$10,379,532. The primary reasons were the use of current revenues to acquire capital assets that will continue to serve the District over an extended period of time and continued accumulation of sales tax revenues for property tax relief and school infrastructure project.

Governmental Fund Highlights

- The District's General Fund balance increased despite a sharp dip in enrollment. Additional Federal aid and income surtax increases made up for reductions in state aid. Allowable growth of 4% is inadequate to maintain current programs without dipping into reserves.
- The District continues to improve its facilities primarily through the use of local option sales tax revenues.
- The District's resident enrollment increased by 10 students. Also, the district had a net gain of 13 open enrollment students.
- PPEL monies were used for a variety of projects throughout the District spending more then revenues received was part of the District's planning.

Proprietary Fund Highlights

The School Nutrition fund increased 2% during the year. The Nutrition Fund completed a third straight year of not requiring assistance from the General Fund.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. Although the budget document presents functional area expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on the cash basis. A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity is included in the required supplementary information section of this report. Since the District does not adopt a budget for individual funds, budgets for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds are not presented in the budgetary comparison on pages 35 and 36. The District did not exceed budgeted amounts nor did it exceed its statutory spending authority.

Legal Budgetary Highlights

The District's receipts were over \$350,000 less than budgeted receipts, a variance of 3%. The most significant variance resulted from the District receiving less Federal and State aid than originally anticipated.

Total expenditures were less than budgeted, due primarily to the District's budget for the General Fund. It is the District's practice to budget expenditures at the maximum authorized spending authority for the General Fund. The District then manages or controls General Fund spending through its line-item budget. As a result, the District's certified budget should always exceed actual expenditures for the year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2006, the District had invested \$13.1 million, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, athletic facilities, computers, audio-visual equipment and transportation equipment. (See Figure A-6) This represents a net increase of 3% from last year. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements. Depreciation expense for the year was \$604,005.

The original cost of the District's capital assets was \$19,819,335. Governmental funds account for \$19,543,400, with the remainder of \$275,935 accounted for in the Proprietary, School Nutrition Fund.

Figure A-6
Condensed Statement of Net Assets

(expressed in thousands)								
Govern	mental	Business-type Activities		Total School District		Total		
Activ	ities					Change		
June	30, June 30,		June 30,		June 30,			
2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005-2006		
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
249	137	-	-	249	137	81.75%		
667	303	_	_	667	303	120.13%		
10,874	11,745	_	_	10,874	11,745	-7.42%		
644	404	78	79	722	483	49.48%		
599				599		<u>100.00</u> %		
13,033	12,589	78	79	13,111	12,668	<u>3.50</u> %		
	June 2006 \$ 249 667 10,874 644 599	\$ \$ 249 137 667 303 10,874 11,745 644 404 599 -	Governmental Busines Activities Activities June 30, June 2006 2005 2006 \$ \$ \$ 249 137 - 667 303 - 10,874 11,745 - 644 404 78 599 - -	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Activities June 30, June 30, 2006 2005 2006 2005 \$ \$ \$ \$ 249 137 - - 667 303 - - 10,874 11,745 - - 644 404 78 79 599 - - -	Governmental Business-type Tot Activities Activities School D June 30, June 30, June 30, 2006 2005 2006 2005 2006 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 249 137 - - 249 667 303 - - 667 10,874 11,745 - - 10,874 644 404 78 79 722 599 - - - 599	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total School District June 30, June 30, June 30, 2006 2005 2006 2005 \$ \$ \$ \$ 249 137 - - 249 137 667 303 - - 667 303 10,874 11,745 - - 10,874 11,745 644 404 78 79 722 483 599 - - - 599 -		

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2006, the District had over \$3.9 million in general obligation bonds, revenue bonds and other long-term debt outstanding. This represents a decrease of approximately 8% from last year (See Figure A-7).

General obligation bonds will be fully retired in fiscal year 2007, the District benefited from having the local banks purchase revenue bonds. The District is paying less interest expense and has a much less complicated system of repayment.

Figure A-7 Outstanding Long-Term Obligations

	(expressed in thousands)						
	Total	_	Total				
	Distri	ct	Change				
	June 3	June 30,					
	2006	2005	2005-2006				
	\$	\$	_				
General obligation bonds	185	550	-66.36%				
Early retirement	343	303	13.20%				
Revenue bonds	3,377	3,985	- <u>15.26</u> %				
Total	3,905	4,838	- <u>19.28</u> %				

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The District had increased enrollment for the first time in the past several years. Allowable growth of 4% is inadequate to maintain existing programs without dipping into reserves.
- Health insurance continues to be a very costly item to the District. The District continues to explore options for more affordable coverage.
- Unfunded mandates are stretching the limits of not only the financial health of the District, but also the human resources aspect of the District. "No Child Left Behind", "Student Achievement and Teacher Quality Act", and "GASB 34", to name a few.
- The legislature in proposing a statewide on cent sales tax fro schools. This will have a major impact on the District's equipment and infrastructure purchases.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Katy Sporrer, Business Manager, Okoboji Community School District, 1205 7th Street, Milford, IA 51351.



Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Assets			
Cash and pooled investments	2,485,831	101,473	2,587,304
Receivables:			
Property tax			
Current year	49,244	-	49,244
Succeeding year	6,450,596	-	6,450,596
Income surtax - succeeding year	85,212	-	85,212
Due from other governments	201,755	-	201,755
Other receivables	2,962	-	2,962
Inventories	_	11,695	11,695
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation			
(note 3)	13,033,223	77,553	13,110,776
Total assets	22,308,823	190,721	22,499,544
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	263,659	3	263,662
Accrued payroll and benefits	715,121	-	715,121
Accrued interest payable	293	_	293
Deferred revenue:			
Succeeding year property tax	6,450,596	_	6,450,596
Long term liabilities:			
Portion due within one year:			
Early retirement	65,532	_	65,532
General obligation bonds	185,000	_	185,000
Revenue bonds	688,086	_	688,086
Portion due after one year:			
Early retirement	277,923	_	277,923
Revenue bonds	2,688,405	_	2,688,405
Total liabilities	11,334,615	3	11,334,618
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	9,471,732	77,553	9,549,285
Management fund	300,349	_	300,349
Debt service	40,675	_	40,675
	· ·	_	
Capital projects Unrestricted	226,820	112 165	226,820
	934,632	113,165	1,047,797
Total net assets	10,974,208	190,718	11,164,926

Statement of Activities

		Program Revenues		-		
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business Type _Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Functions/Programs						
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:	5,548,297	476,789	830,854	(4,240,654)		(4,240,654)
Support services:						
Student services	474,575	_	_	(474,575)	_	(474,575)
Instructional staff services	558,304	_	-	(558,304)	-	(558,304)
Administration services	787,710	_	-	(787,710)	-	(787,710)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	751,089	_	17,330	(733,759)	-	(733,759)
Transportation services	299,906			(299,906)		(299,906)
	2,871,584		17,330	(2,854,254)		(2,854,254)
Other expenditures:						
Facilities acquisition	77,374	_	25,096	(52,278)	_	(52,278)
Interest on long-term debt	136,667	_	3,150	(133,517)	-	(133,517)
Long-term debt services	300	_	-	(300)	-	(300)
AEA flowthrough	288,255	_	288,255	_	-	_
Depreciation (unallocated)*	599,825			(599,825)		(599,825)
	1,102,421		316,501	(785,920)		(785,920)
Total governmental activities	9,522,302	476,789	1,164,685	(7,880,828)	-	(7,880,828)

Statement of Activities

		Progr	am Revenues	_		
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business Type _Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Business type activities:						
Non-instructional programs:						
Nutrition services	311,585	165,992	148,768		3,175	3,175
Total	9,833,887	642,781	1,313,453	(7,880,828)	3,175	(7,877,653)
General revenues:						
Property tax levied for:						
General purposes				5,074,682	-	5,074,682
Management Fund				194,240	-	194,240
Capital outlay				201,439	-	201,439
Debt service				364,262	-	364,262
Income surtax				135,399	-	135,399
School Infrastructure Local Option Sales Tax				899,955	-	899,955
Unrestricted state grants				1,470,117	-	1,470,117
Unrestricted investment earnings				60,732	-	60,732
Other				74,678		74,678
Total general revenue				8,475,504		8,475,504
Change in net assets				594,676	3,175	597,851
Net assets beginning of year				10,379,532	187,543	10,567,075
Net assets end of year				10,974,208	190,718	11,164,926

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expense of the various programs. See notes to financial statements. 15

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2006

		Debt	Capital	Nonmajor Special	
	General	Service	Projects	Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments Receivables:	1,640,409	37,380	134,488	500,825	2,313,102
Property tax:					
Current year	42,508	3,295	-	3,441	49,244
Succeeding year	5,799,887	187,128	_	463,581	6,450,596
Income surtax - succeeding year	85,212	_	_	-	85,212
Due from other governments	108,170	-	93,585	-	201,755
Other receivables	2,962				2,962
Total assets	7,679,148	227,803	228,073	967,847	9,102,871
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	242,625	_	1,253	19,781	263,659
Accrued payroll and benefits Deferred revenue:	715,121	-	-	-	715,121
Succeeding year property tax	5,799,887	187,128	_	463,581	6,450,596
Succeeding year income surtax	85,212	_	_	_	85,212
Total liabilities	6,842,845	187,128	1,253	483,362	7,514,588
Fund balances:					
Reserved for:					
Debt service	_	40,675	_	_	40,675
Capital projects	_	_	226,820	_	226,820
Unreserved	836,303			484,485	1,320,788
Total fund balances	836,303	40,675	226,820	484,485	1,588,283
Total liabilities and fund					
balances	7,679,148	227,803	228,073	967,847	9,102,871

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

Total	fund	balances	οf	governmental	funds	(Exhibit C

\$ 1,588,283

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Income surtax receivable at June 30, 2006 is not recognized as income until received in the governmental funds, however it is shown as a receivable in the Statement of Net Assets.

85,212

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

13,033,223

An internal service fund is used by the District's management to charge the costs of the employee flexible benefit program to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with governmental activities.

172,729

Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

(293)

Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences and early retirement, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.

Early retirement
General obligation bonds
Revenue bonds

\$ (343,455) (185,000)

(3,376,491)

(3,904,946)

Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit A)

\$ 10,974,208

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Special Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:	Ÿ	Ψ	Ψ	Ÿ	Ψ
Local sources:					
Local tax	5,206,869	364,262	899,955	395,679	6,866,765
Tuition	471,660	_	-	_	471,660
Other	140,539	2,956	25,096	232,941	401,532
State sources	2,084,898	194	-	211	2,085,303
Federal sources	288,506				288,506
Total revenues	8,192,472	367,412	925,051	628,831	10,113,766
Expenditures:					
Instruction	5,349,360		3,508	316,476	5,669,344
Support services:					
Student services	474,575	_	_	_	474,575
Instructional staff services	298,468	-	206,783	53,053	558,304
Administration services	745,669	-	1,015	41,026	787,710
Operation and maintenance of					
plant services	695,623	_	-	55,466	751,089
Transportation services	254,836		34,720	72,217	361,773
	2,469,171		242,518	221,762	2,933,451
Other expenditures: Facilities acquisition and construction services			007.060	161 017	1 050 077
Principal on long-term debt	_	973,509	897,860	161,017	1,058,877
Interest on long-term debt	_		_	_	973,509 137,064
Long-term debt services	_	137,064 300	_	_	300
AEA flowthrough	288,255	300	_	_	288,255
AEA 110wtiirougii	288,255	1,110,873	897,860	161,017	2,458,005
	0.106.506	1 110 000	1 142 006	600 055	11 060 000
Total expenditures	8,106,786	1,110,873	1,143,886	699,255	11,060,800
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	0E 606	(742 461)	/210 02E\	(70 424)	(047 024)
over (under) expenditures	85,686	(743,461)	(218,835)	(70,424)	(947,034)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers in	-	737,290	-	-	737,290
Operating transfers out			(737,290)		(737,290)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)		737,290	(737,290)		
Net change in fund balances	85,686	(6,171)	(956,125)	(70,424)	(947,034)
Fund balances beginning of year	750,617	46,846	1,182,945	554,909	2,535,317
Fund balances end of year	836,303	40,675	226,820	484,485	1,588,283
See notes to financial statements.	1	.8			

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit E)		\$ (947,034)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Income surtax receivable at June 30, 2005 is not recognized as income until received in the governmental funds, however it is shown as a revenue in the Statement of Activities.		3,212
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of capital outlays and depreciation expense in the year are as follows:		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	\$ 1,043,370 (599,825)	443,545
Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Current year issues exceeded repayments, as follows:		
Repaid	973,509	973,509
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is reported as an expenditure in the funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recorded as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		397
An internal service fund is used by the District to charge the costs of		397
the employee flexible benefit program to the individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.		161,431
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Early retirement additions Early retirement payments	(112,653) 72,269	(40,384)
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit B)		\$ 594,676

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2006

School Nutrition Service		Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities
Assets Cash and pooled investments 101,473 172,729 Inventories 11,695 - Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 77,553 - Total assets 190,721 172,729 Liabilities Accounts payable 3 - Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 77,553 -		School	Internal
Cash and pooled investments Inventories Inventories Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets Liabilities Accounts payable Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 101,473 172,729 11,695 - 177,553 - 172,729 172,729			Service
Inventories 11,695 - Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 77,553 - Total assets 190,721 172,729 Liabilities Accounts payable 3 - Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 77,553 -	Assets		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 77,553 — Total assets 190,721 172,729 Liabilities Accounts payable 3 — Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 77,553 —	Cash and pooled investments	101,473	172,729
Total assets 190,721 172,729 Liabilities Accounts payable 3 - Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 77,553 -	Inventories	11,695	-
Liabilities Accounts payable Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 77,553	Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	77,553	
Accounts payable 3 - Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 77,553 -	Total assets	190,721	172,729
Accounts payable 3 - Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 77,553 -			
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 77,553	Liabilities		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 77,553 -	Accounts payable	3	
	Net Assets		
	Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	77,553	_
		113,165	172,729
Total net assets 190,718 172,729	Total net assets	190,718	172,729

	Business Type	Governmental Activities
	School	Internal
	Nutrition	Service
	\$	\$
Operating revenue:		
Local sources:		
Charges for services	165,992	1,040,070
Operating expenses:		
Non-instructional programs:		
Food service operations:		
Salaries	105,026	-
Benefits	36,272	-
Services	3,948	-
Supplies	162,159	-
Depreciation	4,180	
	311,585	
Internal service programs:		
Benefits	_	878,639
Total operating expenses	311,585	878,639
Operating profit (loss)	(145,593)	161,431
Non-operating revenues:		
Local sources	3,744	-
State sources	4,482	-
Federal sources	140,542	
	148,768	
Net change in assets	3,175	161,431
Net assets beginning of year	187,543	11,298
Net assets end of year	190,718	172,729

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2006

Year ended June 30, 2006		
		Internal
	Enterprise	Service
	School Nutrition	Health Insurance
	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from sale of services	165,992	1,040,070
Cash payments to employees for services	(141,298)	(878,639)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(144,622)	_
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(119,928)	161,431
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
State grants received	4,482	_
Federal grants received	116,670	_
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	121,152	
Cash flows from capital financing activities:		
Acquisition of fixed assets	(2,552)	
Cash flows from capital financing activities:		
Interest on investments	3,744	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,416	161,431
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	99,057	11,298
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	101,473	172,729
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to		
net cash used in operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	(145,593)	161,431
Adjustments to reconcile operating profit (loss) to net cash		
<pre>provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation</pre>	4,180	_
Commodities used	23,872	_
(Increase) in inventory	(2,390)	_
Increase in accounts payable	3	_
	(119,928)	161,431
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at year end to		
specific assets included on Combined Balance Sheet:		
Current assets:		
Cash	101,473	172,729

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the District received federal commodities valued at \$23,872. See notes to financial statements.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

	Private
	Purpose
	Trust
	Scholarship
	and Special
	Needs
	\$
Assets	
Cash	31,371
Liabilities	
Net assets	
Reserved for scholarships	29,580
Unreserved	1,791
Total net assets	31,371

	Private
	Purpose
	Trust
	Scholarship
	and Special
	Needs
	\$
Additions:	
Local sources:	
Interest on investments	28
Contributions	7,478
Total additions	7,506
Deductions:	
Support services:	
Other	6,470
Total deductions	6,470
Change in net assets	1,036
Net assets beginning of year	30,335
Net assets end of year	31,371

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Okoboji Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors summer recreational activities. The geographic area served includes the Cities of Milford, Arnolds Park, Fostoria, West Okoboji and Wahpeton, Iowa, and agricultural area in Dickinson and Clay Counties. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Okoboji Community School District has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. Okoboji Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Dickinson County Assessor's Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other nonmajor governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenses, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's long-term debt.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

The District's proprietary fund is the Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund. This fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District.

The internal service fund is also reported as a proprietary fund. The internal service fund is used to account for the District's employee benefit cafeteria plan.

The District also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net assets and changes in net assets. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for assets held by the District under trust agreements, which require income earned to be used to benefit individuals through scholarship awards and the purchase of items for students with personal needs.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected with 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

The proprietary fund of the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statement of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, they have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking the budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2004 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2005.

<u>Due From Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa and grants from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and contributed value for government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount
Land	\$ -
Buildings	2,500
Improvements other than buildings	2,500
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	500
Other furniture and equipment	1,000

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
	Useful Lives
Asset Class	_(In Years)_
Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 years
Furniture and equipment	5-12 years

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collectible within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as property tax receivables and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred revenue on the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - District employees accumulated a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability is deemed to be immaterial at June 30, 2006.

<u>Fund Balance</u> - In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

Restricted Net Assets - In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. Expenditures exceeded the amounts budgeted in the support services and other expenditures functions.

(2) Cash and Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2006 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The District had no investments at June 30, 2006.

(3) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	137,016	111,639		248,655
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	15,801,133	122,829	514,786	15,409,176
Improvements other than buildings	861,698	272,331	-	1,134,029
Furniture and Equipment	1,700,183	452,344	_	2,152,527
Construction in progress		599,013		599,013
Total capital assets being depreciated	18,363,014	1,446,517	514,786	19,294,745
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	4,198,225	336,452	_	4,534,677
Improvements other than buildings	416,032	50,825	_	466,857
Furniture and Equipment	1,296,095	212,548	_	1,508,643
Total accumulated depreciation	5,910,352	599,825		6,510,177
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	12,452,662	846,692	514,786	12,784,568
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	12,589,678	958,331	514,786	13,033,223
Business type activities:				
Furniture and equipment	273,383	2,552	_	275,935
Less accumulated depreciation	194,202	4,180	_	198,382
Business type activities capital assets, net	79,181	(1,628)	_	77,553
Depreciation expense was charged to the following Governmental activities:	ng functions:			
Unallocated				599,825
Business Type activities:				
Food service operations				4,180

(4) General Obligation Bonds Payable

Details of the District's June 30, 2006 general obligation bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Year Ending	Interest			
June 30,	Rate	Principal	Interest	Total
	%	\$	\$	
2007	1.90	185,000	1,758	186,758

(5) Changes in Long-Term Debt

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

	Early Retirement \$	General Obligation Bonds \$	Revenue Bonds \$	Total \$
Balance beginning of year Additions Reductions	303,071 112,653 72,269	550,000 - 365,000	3,985,000 - 608,509	4,838,071 112,653 1,045,778
Balance end of year	<u>343,455</u>	185,000	3,376,491	3,904,946

(6) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.70% of their annual salary and the District is required to contribute 5.75% of annual payroll. Contribution requirements are established by State statute. The District's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$274,688, \$258,089, and \$242,216 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(7) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$288,255 for year ended June 30, 2006 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

(8) Early Retirement

The District offers a voluntary early retirement program plan to all its certified employees. Eligible employees must be at least age fifty-four by October 1, 2005 and must have completed fifteen years of continuous service to the District. Employees must complete an application which is subject to approval by the Board of Education. Early retirement incentives include the payment of health insurance premiums, at a fixed amount, by the District until age sixty-five. Early retirement expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2006 totaled \$72,269.

(9) Revenue Bonds Payable

Details of the District's June 30, 2006 local option sales and services tax revenue bonded indebtedness are as follows:

	Bond Issue of June 2005				
Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rate %	Principal \$	<u>Interest</u> \$	Total \$	
2007	3.757	688,086	114,872	802,958	
2008	3.757	714,338	88,620	802,958	
2009	3.757	741,591	61,367	802,958	
2010	3.757	769,884	33,074	802,958	
2011	3.757	462,592	5,800	468,392	
		3,376,491	<u>303,733</u>	3,680,224	

The local option sales and services tax revenue bonds were issued for the purpose of

defraying a portion of the cost of school infrastructure. The bonds are payable solely from the proceeds of the local option sales and services tax revenues received by the District. The bonds are not a general obligation of the District. The debt, however, is subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the District.

The resolution providing for the issuance of the local option sales and services revenue bonds include the following provisions:

- The bonds will only be redeemed from the future earnings of the local option sales tax revenues received by the District and the bond holders hold a lien on the future revenues received.
- Bonds maturing after January 1, 2008, from the May 1, 2001 issue will be called for redemption by the issuer and paid before maturity on said date. The District issued \$3,985,000 of new revenue bonds on June 30, 2006 to pay off the Anticipation Note and the old bond issue. As of June 30, 2006 \$2,785,000 of the May 1, 2001 issue are considered to be defeased sufficient funds have been placed in trust accounts to service this debt.
- \$398,500 of the proceeds from the bond issue have been placed in a reserve account. The reserve account may be used solely for the purpose of paying principal and interest on the bonds if insufficient money is available in the sinking account. The reserve is part of the District's Debt Service Fund.
- Proceeds from the local option sales and services tax shall be placed in an account that shall be used to pay the interest and principal on the bonds. Any surplus monies remaining in the revenue fund at the end of a quarter may be used for any lawful purpose for which the local option sales tax may be used or may be used to redeem the bonds in accordance with their terms. The fund is part of the Debt Service Fund.

(10) Interfund Transfers

The detail of Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount
Debt Service	Capital Projects	\$ <u>737,290</u>

Transfers generally move revenues from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

(11) Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Balances - Budget and Actual (Cash Basis) - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2006

Final to

	Governmental Fund Types	Proprietary Fund Type	Total	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Variance - Positive
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Original	Final	(Negative)
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:						
Local sources	7,739,957	169,736	7,909,693	8,016,294	8,016,294	(106,601)
State sources	2,085,303	4,482	2,089,785	2,229,546	2,229,546	(139,761)
Federal sources	288,506	140,542	429,048	533,000	533,000	(103,952)
Total revenues	10,113,766	314,760	10,428,526	10,778,840	10,778,840	(350,314)
Expenditures:						
Instruction	5,669,344	-	5,669,344	6,303,076	6,303,076	633,732
Support services	2,933,451	-	2,933,451	2,525,000	2,852,000	(81,451)
Non-instructional programs	_	311,585	311,585	350,000	350,000	38,415
Other expenditures	2,458,005		2,458,005	1,478,464	2,178,464	(279,541)
Total expenditures	11,060,800	311,585	11,372,385	10,656,540	11,683,540	311,155
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(947,034)	3,175	(943,859)	122,300	(904,700)	(39,159)
Other financing sources (uses)				(480,000)	(480,000)	480,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses	(947,034)	3,175	(943,859)	(357,700)	(1,384,700)	440,841
Balance beginning of year	2,535,317	187,543	2,722,860	2,648,470	2,648,470	74,390
Balance end of year	1,588,283	190,718	1,779,001	2,290,770	1,263,770	515,231

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

Year ended June 30, 2006

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with <u>Governmental Accounting Standard Board</u> Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on a GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula. The District amended the budget once during the year increasing budgeted expenditures by \$1,027,000.

During the year ended June 30, 2006, expenditures exceeded the amount budgeted in the support services and other expenditures functions. The District did not exceed the General Fund unspent authorized budget.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2006

	Management \$	Student Activity \$	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Total \$
Assets				
Cash and investments Property tax receivable:	299,483	121,904	79,438	500,825
Current year	1,640	_	1,801	3,441
Succeeding year	215,000	_	248,581	463,581
Other receivables				
Total assets	516,123	121,904	329,820	967,847
Liabilities and Fund Balance				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable Deferred revenue:	774	1,564	17,443	19,781
Succeeding year property tax	215,000		248,581	463,581
	215,774	1,564	266,024	483,362
Fund balance:				
Unreserved fund balance	300,349	120,340	63,796	484,485
	300,349	120,340	63,796	484,485
Total liabilities and fund balance	516,123	121,904	329,820	967,847

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year ended June 30, 2006

		Plant and	
	Student	Equipment	
Management	Activity	Levy	Total
\$	\$	\$	\$
194,240	_	201,439	395,679
15,834	215,822	1,285	232,941
105		106	211
210,179	215,822	202,830	628,831
98,548	209,039	8,889	316,476
_	_	_	_
_	_	53,053	53,053
32,200	_	8,826	41,026
51,564	_	3,902	55,466
10,350	_	61,867	72,217
		161,017	161,017
192,662	209,039	297,554	699,255
17,517	6,783	(94,724)	(70,424)
282,832	113,557	158,520	554,909
300,349	120,340	63,796	484,485
	\$ 194,240 15,834 105 210,179 98,548 - 32,200 51,564 10,350 - 192,662 17,517 282,832	Management Activity \$ \$ 194,240 - 15,834 215,822 105 - 210,179 215,822 98,548 209,039 - - 32,200 - 51,564 - 10,350 - - - 192,662 209,039 17,517 6,783 282,832 113,557	Management Student Activity Equipment Levy \$ \$ \$ 194,240 - 201,439 15,834 215,822 1,285 105 - 106 210,179 215,822 202,830 98,548 209,039 8,889 - - 53,053 32,200 - 8,826 51,564 - 3,902 10,350 - 61,867 - - 161,017 192,662 209,039 297,554 17,517 6,783 (94,724) 282,832 113,557 158,520

Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Balance Beginning			Balance End of
Account	of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
All School Play	936	1,025	601	1,360
HS Debate	4,568	2,302	5,227	1,643
Show Choir	53	6,711	4,621	2,143
Jazz Band	418	11,143	10,146	1,415
Musical	_	2,500	1,878	622
Cross Country	821	1,123	184	1,760
Golf	271	889	1,149	11
Boys Basketball	4,064	10,125	8,463	5,726
Football	5,884	6,522	9,839	2,567
Baseball	195	10,096	9,728	563
Boys Track	298	3,763	3,390	671
Wrestling	1,183	8,546	6,202	3,527
Girls Basketball	4,190	4,641	3,202	5,629
Volleyball	447	6,862	5,853	1,456
Softball	949	14,500	15,449	_
Girls Track	1,303	2,914	2,328	1,889
MS Activity/Concessions	586	6,117	4,363	2,340
Class of 2003	313	_	-	313
Class of 2004	560	_	-	560
Class of 2005	165	_	94	71
Class of 2006	198	752	361	589
Class of 2007	649	2,963	3,169	443
Class of 2008	416	349	_	765
Class of 2009	_	334	_	334
Pictures	456	_	-	456
Activity Tickets	1,699	10,756	11,390	1,065
Interest	987	5,213	2,928	3,272
Concessions	2,081	17,861	19,064	878
Student Pop	13,671	16,680	21,190	9,161
Pioneer Club	6,605	20,802	21,748	5,659
Student Council	1,080	1,301	838	1,543
Student Council Milk	945	3,327	3,009	1,263
Cheerleaders	1,296	1,579	2,827	48
Drill Team	2,128	4,682	4,678	2,132
Annual	8,439	10,591	13,747	5,283
Spanish Club	8,780	11,606	6,867	13,519
Science Club	1,160	20	-	1,180
FFA	10,610	23,458	20,763	13,305
Culinary Arts	792	1,745	1,901	636
Thespian Club	3,717	375	80	4,012
Art Appreciation	736	780	334	1,182
Junior Magazine Sales	_	5,312	5,312	_
Academic Awards	180	693	873	_
Key Club	1,825	1,408	2,024	1,209

Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Balance Beginning			Balance End of
Account	of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
HS Spec Ed Club	855	979	439	1,395
Business Club	1,081	6,158	7,239	-
Elementary	11,762	1,375	1,394	11,743
EL/MS Special Ed Club	1,706	813	127	2,392
OES Project Goodwill	-	1,500	1,500	-
Elementary Software	880	_	_	880
Elementary K-Kids Club	443	_	121	322
MS Student Senate	1,091	976	659	1,408
MS Builders Club	85	415	500	
	113,557	254,582	247,799	120,340
Less interaccount transfers		(38,760)	(38,760)	
Totals	113,557	215,822	209,039	120,340

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function ${\tt All\ Governmental\ Funds}$

	Years ended June 30,			
	2006 2005 2004 2			2003
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Local sources:				
Local tax	6,866,765	6,522,808	6,212,458	5,792,852
Tuition	471,660	404,145	271,723	254,818
Other	401,532	361,779	374,327	658,826
State sources	2,085,303	2,250,304	2,070,348	2,624,186
Federal sources	288,506	120,445	135,627	138,320
Total revenues	10,113,766	9,659,481	9,064,483	9,469,002
Expenditures:				
Instruction:	5,669,344	5,367,848	5,269,470	4,946,804
Support services:				
Student services	474,575	298,795	304,356	270,377
Instructional support services	558,304	265,083	250,005	229,762
Administration services	787,710	801,969	733,467	684,537
Operation and maintenance of				
plant services	751,089	716,128	640,696	545,513
Transportation services	361,773	226,331	289,369	194,993
Other expenditures:				
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,058,877	962,361	4,212,315	1,804,749
Long-term debt:				
Principal	973,509	1,205,000	685,000	655,000
Interest and other charges	137,364	267,554	203,522	254,540
AEA flowthrough	288,255	290,336	285,224	298,783
Total expenditures	11,060,800	10,401,405	12,873,424	9,885,058

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of the Okoboji Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Okoboji Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated September 14, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Okoboji Community School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we believe item 06-I-A is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Okoboji Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2006 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Okoboji Community School District and other parties to whom Okoboji Community School District may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Okoboji Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

BRUCE D. FRINK
Certified Public Accountant

September 14, 2006

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2006

Part I: Findings Related to the General Purpose Financial Statements:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS:

O6-I-A Segregation of Duties - During our review of the internal control structure, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine that incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and therefore maximizes the accuracy of the District's financial statements. We noted that one individual has custody of receipts and performs all record-keeping and reconciling functions for the office.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the District should review the operating procedures of the office to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - We will review procedures and investigate available alternatives.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- 06-II-A Official Depositories Official depositories have been approved by the District. The maximum deposit amounts approved were not exceeded during the year ended June 30, 2006.
- 06-II-B <u>Certified Budget</u> Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2006, exceeded the certified budget amounts in the support services and other expenditures functions.

 $\frac{\text{Recommendation}}{\text{Chapter 24.9 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed budget.}}$

<u>Response</u> - Future budgets will be amended in sufficient amounts to ensure the <u>certified</u> budget is not exceeded.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- 06-II-C <u>Questionable Expenditures</u> No expenditures that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- 06-II-D <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the District and <u>District officials or employees were noted.</u>
- 06-II-E <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2006

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued):

06-II-F	Bond Coverage - Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
06-II-G	${\hbox{{\tt Board Minutes}}}$ - No transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board were noted.
06-II-H	<u>Deposits and Investments</u> - No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted.
06-II-I	<u>Certified Annual Report</u> - The Certified Annual Report was filed with the Department of Education timely and we noted no significant deficiencies in the amounts reported.
06-II-J	<u>Certified Enrollment</u> - No variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Department of Education were noted.